STRAND	STANDARD	OBJECTIVES (What it looks like in the classroom) The learner will	# OF DAYS NEEDED FOR MASTERY	DATES TAUGHT	DATE ASSESSED	ASSESSMENT TYPE (Classroom, STAR, objective, subjective, project, etc.)	RESOURCES (Materials, web sites, auto-visual, print)	LEARNING ACTIVITIES (Instructional strategies, what are students going to do?)
Approaches To Psychology Methods Chapter 1 Statistics Chapter 2	1.A3.2 Students will explain the importance of sampling and random assignment in psychological research.	The learner will explain the importance of being able to generalize results or research. The learner will be able to describe how sample selection (gender, ethnicity, age, etc.) influences results.	days	August - September	September	Project Work 6 Learning Activities Group Presentation 6 Enrichment Project Mapping 6 The goals of Psychology Study Guide Exam	Class Book Chapters: Introducing Psychology Psychological Research Methods and Statistics Teaching Resources Student Study Guide Exam Other Materials Map ó goals of psychology Newspapers & Magazines Trash bag with a variety of objects in it (p9) Birth Order Theory Book of Fairy Tales and Fables Library for research (p13)	Cooperative Learning Activity (Page 8 TM) Meeting Special Needs Activity (Page 9 TM) Critical Thinking Activity (Page 10 TM) Interdisciplinary Connections Activity (Page 12 TM) Enrichment Activity (Page 13 TM)

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Psychology Department

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STRAND STAND	OBJECTIVES (What it looks like in the classroom) The learner will	# OF DAYS NEEDED FOR MASTERY	DATES TAUGHT	DATE ASSESSED	ASSESSMENT TYPE (Classroom, STAR, objective, subjective, project, etc.)	RESOURCES (Materials, web sites, auto-visual, print)	LEARNING ACTIVITIES (Instructional strategies, what are students going to do?)
The Workings of Mind and Body Body & Behavior Chapter 6 Chapter 6 2.A3.1 Students able to id the struct function major reg the brain	lentify regions of the brain by using models/diagrams of the learner will	14 days	September	September	 Project Work 6 Brain & Nervous System Model Written Research Project 6 (page 157) Group Presentation and Project 6 Wall Chart Mapping 6 Divisions of the Nervous System (Page 159 #2 Section Review) Study Guide Exam	Class Book	 Wall Chart Activity (Page 152 TM) Brain and Nervous System Model Project (Page 154B TM) Writing Project õMeeting Special Needsö (Page 157 TM) Critical Thinking Project ó Invitation to a Specialist (Autism) (Page 158)

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STRAND STANDARD (What it looks like in the classroom) The learner will form a psychological vecyoint 4A-2.1 Students will describe the operant conditioning paradigm 4A-5. Students will identify roles of biology and culture in determining learning learning Conditioning paradigm and conditioning paradigm arising manning paradigm and culture in determining learning Conditioning paradigm and conditioning paradigm and culture in determining learning Conditioning paradigm and conditioning paradigm and culture in determining learning Conditioning paradigm and conditioning paradigm and culture in determining learning Control paradigm and culture in determining learning Conditioning paradigm and culture in determining learning Control paradigm and culture in determining Control paradigm and culture in determi	York High Scho	001	F	sychology.	Departmen	با		Development Date 2	2007
• Learning: Principles and Applications (Chapter 9) Applications (Chapter 9) AA-2.1 Students will describe the classical conditioning paradigm 4A-3.1 Students will describe the operant conditioning paradigm 4A-5.5 Students will identify roles of biology and culture in determining learning - Learning: Principles of an dropicat of and Project of behavior by applying operant conditioning principles. - Exam (Chapter 9) - Exam (Conditioning Paradigm (Co	STRAND	STANDARD	(What it looks like in the classroom)	# OF DAYS NEEDED FOR MASTERY	DATES	DATE ASSESSED	TYPE (Classroom, STAR, objective, subjective, project,	(Materials, web sites, auto-visual,	LEARNING ACTIVITIES (Instructional strategies, what are students going to do?)
behaviorism. • Guest Speakers ó TM)	• Learning: Principles and Applications	Students will discuss learning from a psychological viewpoint 4A-2.1 Students will describe the classical conditioning paradigm 4A-3.1 Students will describe the operant conditioning paradigm 4A-5 Students will identify roles of biology and culture in determining	 explain how, using Pavlovian conditioning procedures, a neutral stimulus becomes capable of evoking a response through paring with an unconditioned stimulus. label elements in classical conditioning examples. Describe how consequences influence behavior. Identify consequences of punishment in controlling behavior Predict future strength of behavior by applying operant conditioning principles. Discuss Skinnerøs contributions to popularizing behaviorism. 	14 days	October	October	Presentation and Project ó Story Boards on Classical Conditioning Mapping ó Principles of Classical Conditioning Study Guide Exam	 Chapters: Learning: Principles and Applications Teaching Resources Student Study Guide Exam Other Materials Map ó principles of classical conditioning Tennis balls for juggling (need 3/student) Poster board for story boards Psychology lab needs: lamp, glass of water, spoon Map ó Types of Reinforcers in Classical Conditioning (refer to page 268 TM #4) Rulers ó Classical Conditioning Lab Experiment Baby Einstein Video on Sign Language People Guest Speakers ó 	 (Page 240B TM)) Two-Minute Lesson Launcher (Page 240 TM) Cooperative Learning Project ó Story Board on Classical Conditioning (Page 242 TM) Curriculum Connection Project (Page 243 TM) Classical Conditioning Psychology Lab Experiment (Page 245 TM) Extending the Content őLittle Albertö (Page 247 & 249) Avoidance Conditioning Lab Experiment (Page 254 TM) Interdisciplinary Connections (Page 255 TM) Learning Style Lab (Page 261 TM) Critical Thinking Activity (Page 262

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STRAND	STANDARD	OBJECTIVES (What it looks like in the classroom) The learner will	# OF DAYS NEEDED FOR MASTERY	DATES TAUGHT	DATE	ASSESSMENT TYPE (Classroom, STAR, objective, subjective, project, etc.)	RESOURCES (Materials, web sites, auto-visual, print)	LEARNING ACTIVITIES (Instructional strategies, what are students going to do?)
		use of theories of learning in applied examples. • Distinguish learning from performance. • Debate whether socio-cultural factors can reliably predict individual success. • Describe environmental constraints on learning opportunities. • Describe biological constraints on learning.					Abuse Specialist	Helplessness ó Abuse Specialist Interdisciplinary Connections Activity ó The Government ó Guest Speaker ó Greg Adams Map ó Learned Helplessness (Page 266 TM #2) Just for Funí .Baby Einstein learning sign language ó Define what type of learning it is ó Debate by Class (Page 270 TM for reference)

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STRAND	STANDARD	OBJECTIVES (What it looks like in the classroom) The learner will	# OF DAYS NEEDED FOR MASTERY	DATES TAUGHT	DATE	ASSESSMENT TYPE (Classroom, STAR, objective, subjective, project, etc.)	RESOURCES (Materials, web sites, auto-visual, print)	LEARNING ACTIVITIES (Instructional strategies, what are students going to do?)
Personality Theories of Personality - Chapter 14	Define personality as the individualøs unique way of thinking, feeling, and acting.	3B-1.1 Students will be able to: • identify their own thoughts, feelings, and behaviors in a personal experience. • describe how personality can explain individual differences and individual consistencies. • Evaluate the influence of variables such as culture, family, and genetics on personality development. • Explore the impact of sociocultural factors on personality development.	Days	October	October			