STRAND	STANDARD	Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions
Creativity & Innovation	1a: Apply existing knowledge to generate new ideas, products, or processes.	 Every new breakthrough is grounded in existing knowledge. 	 How do I use what I know to explore something new?
	1b: Create original works s a means of personal o group expression.	 True creativity requires devotion to and abandonment of brilliant ideas. The development of original expression requires extensive and predictable pre-planning. 	 Where do great ideas come from? How do I develop them? What does quality work look like?
	1c: use models and simulations to explore complex systems and issues.	Models create a visualization and complex systems/issues so that connections a be drawn and applications to specific circumstances can be made.	 How do I create/use a model to represent specific situations? What makes a representation appropriate, useful, and or thought provoking?
	1d:Identify trends and forecast possibilities.	 Every new breakthrough is grounded in existing knowledge Description of change are necessary to reasonably predict what will happen 	 What's the next big thing? What is the logic behind my reasoning?

2: Communication and Collaboration	2a: Interact, collaborate, and publish with peers, experts, or others employing a variety of digital environments and media.	 Digital environments include resources to promote collaboration and creativity. Collaboration among diverse people creates a powerful flow of ideas. 	 How do I work as the member of a group to produce a quality product? How do I show respect for others' work?
	2b: Communicate information and ideas effectively to multiple audiences using a variety of media and formats.	 The integrity of communications is dependent on the way information is presented to an audience and how it is interpreted by the audience. The way data is processed and presented impacts the viability of decision making. 	 Who is my audience and how does that affect the way I communicate ideas? How do I present my work so the audience understands and respects it?
	2c: Develop cultural understanding and global awareness by engaging with learners of other cultures.	 Successful communication is measured by the degree in which it is understood by the audience. Easy access to people across the world promotes networking and understanding. Collaboration among diverse people creates a powerful flow of ideas. 	 Who is my audience and how does that affect the way I communicate ideas? How do I think and work with other people?
	2d: Contribute to project	Task coherence requires the	How do we work

	teams to produce original works or solve problems.	 assignment of individual components as well as the establishment of interdependence. Every team member deserves the opportunity to leverage individual strengths/talents. Tolerance for inefficiency, disagreement, and criticism is necessary to come up with an innovative solution/product.v 	together to solve a problem? • How do I work as a member of a group to produce a quality product?
3: Research and Information Fluency	3a: Plan strategies to guide inquiry.	 Efficiency and production requires preparation and planning. Clarity of purpose impacts the integrity of the design/inquiry and the efficiency of the development/research. 	 What information do I have? What information do I need? How do I find what I am looking for? What is my plan? How is it working? What do I do if I get stuck?
	3b: Locate, organize, analyze, evaluate, synthesize, and ethically use information from a variety of sources and media.	 Research is a cyclical process of formulating and answering a question/understanding a problem. All information must be examined for bias and accuracy The information that is included and the way it is applied shows the bias and ethics of the researcher 	 What makes a source trustworthy? Who owns this information and how do I give them credit? How do I make sense of the

			information I have found?
	3c: Evaluate and select information sources and digital tools based on the appropriateness to specific tasks.	 The relevance of the information or the appropriateness of the tool is dependent upon the task. The quality of the search affects the effectiveness of the results. 	 What's the right tool for the job? What do I see when I look at the evidence? How does that affect what I do next? How do I handle different points of view on the same issue/topic?
	3d: Process data and report results.	 The way the information is presented is a direct reflection of the process of the research and the intent of the researcher. All information must be examined for bias and accuracy The way data is processed and presented impacts the viability of decision making. 	 When do I have enough information so that I can draw a trend/conclusion? What am I trying to say? How do I use the information I found to support my thinking?
4: Problem Solving and	4a: Identify and define authentic problems and	Problem solvers apply a systematic process to make sense of new and/or	What kind of problem is it?

Decision Making	significant questions for investigation.	complex problems.	What do I want to know? What do I see/visualize/think when I look at this problem: (M))
	4b: Plan an manage activities to develop a solution or complete a project.	 Efficiency in production requires preparation and planning. Clarity of purpose impacts the integrity of the design/inquiry and and the efficiency of the development/research. Some answers to questions cannot be found. 	What is my plan?
	4c: Collect and analyze data to identify solutions and/or make informed decisions.	 Accurate information is necessary to make informed decisions. Data illustrates relationships, trends, and/or patterns so actions can be taken. 	 How do I collect and record data to remember what is important? (S) When do I have enough data to establish a trend/draw a conclusion? (S, SS) Does my answer/solution.vi sual display make sense? How do I defend/prove my answer/solution/vi

			sual display? (M)
	4d: Use multiple process and diverse perspectives to explore alternative solutions.	 There are potentially multiple solutions to the same problem. The process used impacts the solution found. 	 What strategy did I decide to use to solve the problem? What strategies did other students use? What strategy is best?
5 Digital Citizenship	5a. Advocate and practice safe, legal, and responsible use of information and technology	 Individuals have the power to decide what to share ad what to keep private Individuals have rights and responsibilities that impacts the use of technology The way a person conducts themselves using technologies, has a significant impact on themselves and the lives of others Damage that is done in cyberspace is complicated, if to impossible to undo 	 Who owns this information and how do I give them the credit? How do I work to take care of myself, others, and the world around me:? How do copyright laws affect my decisions? How do I take something back that either I or someone else has published electronically?
	5b. Exhibit a positive attitude toward using technology that supports collaboration, learning, and productivity.	 The way a person conducts themselves has a significant impact on the quality of the product and the contributions of others 	How does the way I work affect the result?

	5c. Demonstrate personal responsibility for lifelong learning.	 Fluency with new technologies broadens communication and deepens expertise. 	 How do I use this technology? What potential applications does it have for me?
	5d. Exhibit leadership for digital citizenship.	 Individuals have rights and responsibilities that impact the use of technology. The way a person conducts themselves using technologies has significant impact on themselves and the lives of others. 	How do my choices model ethical and legal behavior?
6 Technology Operations and Concepts	6a. Understand and use technology systems.	 Students' understanding of technologies may open unexpected avenues for exploration and insight. The power of technologies lies within the interaction between the user and the tool. 	 What are the parts of the system and how do they work together? (S) How do I use the resources to get the job done right? How do I work to get what i want? (SS)
	6b. Select and use applications effectively and productivity.	Students' application choices directly influence the productivity of the task at hand.	 Which technologies can I use for learning? How do I use the resources to get the job done right? How do I work to get what I want?(SS)

6c. Troubleshoot systems and applications	 Effective troubleshooting requires knowledge of the most predictable problems/errors. There are likely fixes/choices that a user can make to resolve most problems. Seeking expertise (technical manual, other people) grow your capacity when you have exhausted your existing knowledge base. 	 What is the best way to solve this problem? What are the steps I take when something doesn't work? What do I do if I get stuck?(M, LA)
6d. Transfer current knowledge to learning of new technologies	Self awareness of background knowledge, motivations, and level of confidence shape how students use and respond to new technologies.	 How can this idea be represented in different ways? How does that range of possibilities help me? How does what I'm working on today relate to what I already know/have experiences? What do I learn from that connection?